

# Application Dimensioning Workbench

BigDataStack Software Component developed by UPRC

Application Dimensioning Workbench aims to provide insights regarding the required infrastructure resources for the data services and application components (micro-services), linking the used resources with load and expected Quality of Service (QoS) levels.

## Input

Application playbook created in Data toolkit and annotated with candidate deployment patterns in Pattern Generation

## Output

Annotated playbook with expected QoS levels for each pattern

## Initial TRL

- TRL 3 for the model creation part, TRL 5
- TRL 0 for the benchmarking part, as this did not exist at the beginning of the BigDataStack project.

## Final TRL

## End Users

Primarily data service and application owners.

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## Key Features and Benefits

The component has two purposes: - initially benchmark the target service via easily configured and automated parameter sweep tests, thus gathering the necessary performance data; - train prediction models that are able to regress for cases that have not been met before.

## Essential Information for Users

- Load injection needs to be adapted to each service that needs to be benchmarked,
- The service structure should follow the format defined by the Data toolkit,
- Deployment and execution of the tests depends on the used deployment platform (e.g. Docker Swarm, Kubernetes etc)

## Standards involved in the development of the component

- YML,
- Docker Compose v3

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## Implementation in BigDataStack Use Cases

The application dimensioning workbench is primarily related to the generic data services offered by the project.

## How can the BigDataStack component contribute to Standardization foundations or initiatives?

Not applicable

## Differentiators from competitors in the market

- Workload in CBTool is completely designed by user/contributor, thus cannot be easily abstracted and generalized,
- Static setups based on specific stacks, measuring in fact the underlying resources and not the software parameterization.